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Electronically controlled temperature regulator type KVQ and EKS 67

Introduction The KVQ and EKS 67 is an electronic temperature controlled evaporating pressure regulator that regulates the temperature of the medium in systems where precise temperature regulation is demanded. The KVQ and EKS 67 controls the temperature of the medium so that the required temperature is maintained to an accuracy of $\pm 0.5^{\circ}$ C or less. Remote setting of reference temperature Features Apart from its normal regulating function, the KVQ and EKS 67 electronic system contains a Temperature readout on external display defrost function and an alarm function. It also Temperature diagnosis has facilities for a series of supplementary Evaporating pressure limiter functions: Defrost, external alarm, and supplementary functions require the connection of extra equipment. UL listed, file SA7200 Approvals CSA certified, LR 92682 **Technical data** Valve / Actuator type KVQ Regulating range $p_e = 0 \rightarrow 7 \text{ bar}$ Refrigerent temperature in regulating range Refrigerant $p_e = 0 \text{ bar } (p_e)$ $p_e = 7 \text{ bar } (p_e)$ R 22 -41°C 15°C R 134a -30°C 32.5°C 10°C R 404A –47°C R 407C –35°C 17°C R 507 -47°C 8°C Refrigerants CFC, HCFC and HFC Ambient temperature During operation: $-45 \rightarrow +40^{\circ}C$ During transport: $-50 \rightarrow +70^{\circ}C$ 21.5 bar Max. working pressure PB 28 bar Max. test pressure p' 24 V pulsating a.c. from EKS 67 regulator Power supply 30 VA / 24 V a.c. Max. consumption IP 54 acc. to IEC 529 Enclosure Cable entry Pg 13.5 During forced closing by hot-gas defrosting Max. closing pressure 17.5 bar 120°C Max. hot gas temperature

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Technical data

(continued)

Regulator EKS 67

Regulating range	$-35 \rightarrow$ +25°C REF The unit regulates with an accuracy ≤ ±0,5°C
Functions	1. LIMIT (alarm limit): $1 \rightarrow 5^{\circ}C \pm 0.5^{\circ}C$ on both sides of REF
	2. DELAY (alarm delay): 15 → 120 min.
	3. DEFROST (defrost stop): $0 \rightarrow 25^{\circ}C$
Regulating principle	PI, proportional, integral.
Regulation parameters	$\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Proportional amplification: } K_p = 2 \rightarrow 6 \\ \mbox{Factory setting: } & K_p = 4 \\ \mbox{Integral time: } & T_n = 2 \rightarrow 6 \mbox{ min.} \\ \mbox{Factory setting: } & T_n = 4 \mbox{ min.} \end{array}$
Ambient temperature	$-20^{\circ}C \rightarrow +40^{\circ}C$ (for plastic case) $-20^{\circ}C \rightarrow +45^{\circ}C$ (for silumin case) $-20^{\circ}C \rightarrow +50^{\circ}C$ (for panel mounting)
Ambient temperature at transport	$-40^{\circ}C \rightarrow +60^{\circ}C$
Supply voltage	24 V a.c. +10% / -15%, 50/60 Hz Max. consumption: 2 VA / 24 V a.c.
Alarm	Alarm is indicated by ON/ALARM lamp being out Alarm output voltage falls to 0 V a.c.
Cable entry	Pg 9 (for plastic case) Pg 13,5 (for silumin case)
Enclosure	IP 41 (for plastic case) IP 54 (for silumin case)

Sensor type Pt 1000 ohm Application range, enclosure

Sensor type	Code no.	Application range	Enclosure
Pt 1000 ohm surface sensor, type AKS 21A	084N2007	$-70^{\circ}C \rightarrow +160^{\circ}C$	IP 67
Pt 1000 ohm media sensor, type AKS 21M	084N2003	$-70^{\circ}C \rightarrow +160^{\circ}C$	IP 67
Pt 1000 ohm immersion sensor with conn. box, type AKS 21W	084N2016	$-70^{\circ}C \rightarrow +120^{\circ}C$	IP 56
Pt 1000 ohm immersion sensor, type AKS 21W	084N2017	–70°C → +160°C	IP 56

Time constants

Sensor type	Time constant max. sec.	Object of measurement
AKS 21A	14	Fixed on copper tube
AKS 21W	18	Water flow
AKS 21M	35	Air at velocity of 4 m / sec.
AKS 21M	6	Water flow

0.2 mm² Cable cross section

Valve / Actuator type KVQ

Ordering



		Rat	ed capacity 1)			Valve	9	Actuator
Туре			kŴ		Conn	ection	Codo no	Codo no
	R 22	R 134a	R 404A/R 507	R 407C	mm	in.	Code no.	Code no.
KVQ 15	8.0	6.0	7.2	7.3	16	5/8	034L0117	0241 0105
KVQ 22	8.0	6.0	7.2	7.3	22	7/8	034L0114	03420105
10,000	10.0	111	16.0	17.0	28		034L0119	
KVQ 20	10.9	14.1	10.9	17.2		1 ¹ /8	034L0115	034L0106
KVQ 35	18.9	14.1	16.9	17.2	35	1 ³ /8	034L0120	

¹) Rated capacity is the valve capacity at evaporating temperature $t_e = -10^{\circ}$ C, condensing temperature $t_c = +25^{\circ}$ C and pressure drop across valve $\Delta p = 0.2$ bar. 1 kW = 0.284 ton (TR).



Electronically controlled temperature regulator, type KVQ and EKS 67

Ordering (continued)

Controller type EKS 67

Symbol	EKS 67 complete controller	Code no.
	Complete controller (incl. base with triac module and mounting brackets)	084B1020

Components for controller type EKS 67

Symbol	EKS 67 components	Code no.
	Controller insert	084B1021
	Multipurpose case (silium case) incl. base with triac module and mounting bracket	084B1035
and and	DIN rail for mounting bracket	084B3161

Sensor type AKS, Pt 1000 ohm Technical data, code nos., dimension and weights, see section "Temperature sensors, type AKS" in this catalogue.

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Data sheet

Electronically controlled temperature regulator, type KVQ and EKS 67

Capacity KVQ 15-35



							Capacit	y in kW					
Refrigerant t _e KVQ 15-22 KVQ 28-35													
Reingerant	Le					Pr	essure c	lrop ∆p b	bar				_
	°C	0.05	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.05	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.7
	-40	2.1	2.9	3.9	4.6	5.3	5.6	4.9	6.8	9.3	10.8	12.5	12.9
	-30	2.7	3.7	5.1	6.1	7.5	8.2	6.3	8.8	12.1	14.4	17.5	19.3
P 22	-20	3.3	4.7	6.5	7.8	9.7	11.1	7.9	11.0	15.3	18.4	22.9	26.0
R 22	-10	4.1	5.7	8.0	9.7	12.2	14.1	9.6	13.5	18.9	22.9	28.8	33.2
	0	4.9	6.9	9.7	11.8	14.9	17.4	11.6	16.3	22.9	27.8	35.3	41.0
	+10	5.8	8.2	11.6	14.1	17.9	21.0	13.8	19.4	27.3	33.2	42.3	49.5
	-30	1.8	2.6	3.5	4.1	4.7	4.9	4.4	6.1	8.2	9.6	11.0	11.2
	-20	2.4	3.3	4.6	5.5	6.6	7.2	5.7	7.9	10.9	12.8	15.5	17.0
R 134a	-10	3.1	4.3	6.0	7.2	8.9	10.0	7.3	10.2	14.1	17.0	21.0	23.6
	0	3.8	5.4	7.5	9.0	11.3	13.0	9.0	12.7	17.7	21.5	27.0	30.7
	+10	4.7	6.6	9.3	11.2	14.1	16.4	11.1	15.7	22.0	26.5	33.5	38.8
	-40	1.8	2.4	3.3	3.9	4.7	5.0	4.1	5.8	7.9	9.2	11.0	11.9
	-30	2.2	3.2	4.5	5.3	6.5	7.3	5.4	7.5	10.4	12.4	15.3	17.2
R 404A/	-20	2.9	4.0	5.6	6.8	8.5	9.7	6.8	9.4	13.2	15.9	20.0	22.9
R 507	-10	3.6	5.1	7.2	8.7	10.9	12.7	8.6	12.1	16.9	20.5	26.0	30.0
	0	4.5	6.2	8.8	10.8	13.6	16.0	10.5	14.8	20.8	25.3	32.2	37.5
	+10	5.4	7.6	10.7	13.1	16.7	19.5	12.7	18.0	25.3	30.7	39.3	46.0
	-40	1.7	2.3	3.1	3.6	4.2	4.4	3.9	5.4	7.3	8.5	9.9	10.2
[-30	2.3	3.1	4.3	5.2	6.4	7.0	5.4	7.5	10.3	12.2	14.9	16.4
R 407C	-20	2.9	4.1	5.7	6.9	8.5	9.8	7.0	9.7	13.5	16.2	20.2	22.9
	-10	3.7	5.2	7.3	8.8	11.1	12.8	8.7	12.3	17.2	20.8	26.2	30.2
	0	4.6	6.5	9.1	11.1	14.0	16.4	10.9	15.3	21.5	26.1	33.2	38.5
	+10	5.6	8.0	11.3	13.7	17.4	20.4	13.4	18.8	26.5	32.2	41.0	48.0

1 kW = 0,284 ton (TR)

The values in the capacity table refer to the evaporator capacity and are based on liquid temperature $t_l = +25^{\circ}C$ ahead of the thermostatic expansion valve. Dry, saturated vapour ahead of the KVQ valve is assumed.

Correction factors for liquid tremperature t_l

t _l °C	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
R 134a	0.88	0.92	0.96	1.0	1.05	1.10	1.16	1.23	1.31
R 22	0.90	0.93	0.96	1.0	1.05	1.10	1.13	1.18	1.24
R 404A/ R 507	0.84	0.89	0.94	1.0	1.07	1.16	1.26	1.40	1.57
R 407C	0.88	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.05	1.11	1.18	1.26	1.35

Sizing	For optimum performance, it is important to select a KVQ valve according to system conditions and application. The selection is also dependant on the acceptable pressure drop across the valve. The following data must be used when sizing a KVQ valve:	 Refrigerant, CFC, HCFC or HFC Evaporator capacity Q_e in kW Evaporating temperature t_e in °C Liquid temperature ahead of expansion valve t_i in °C Max. acceptable pressure drop in the valve in bar Connection size in inches or mm.
Valve selection Example	When selecting the appropiate valve it may be necessary to convert the actual evaporator capacity using a correction factor. This is required when your system conditions are different than the table conditions. The selection is also dependant on the acceptable pressure drop across the valve. The following example illustrates how this is done.	Refrigerant: R 22 Evaporator capacity: $Q_e = 20 \text{ kW}$ Evaporating temperature: $t_e = 0^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 4.0$ bar Liquid temperature ahead of expansion valve: $t_i = 35^{\circ}\text{C}$ Max. pressure drop in the valve $\Delta p = 0.2$ bar Connection type: Solder Connection size: 1 ¹ / ₈ in.

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Data sheet	Electronical	ly con	ntrolle	d tem	perat	ure re	gulate	or, typ	oe K∖	/Q and El	KS 67	
Valve selection (continued) Step 1	Determine th temperature	ie cori t _i ahea	rectior ad of e	n facto expan	or for l sion v	Fro a li co	From the correction factors table (see bell a liquid temperature of 35°C, R 22 corresponds to a factor of 1.10.					
	Correction fa											
	t _l °C	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50		
	R 134a	0.88	0.92	0.96	1.0	1.05	1.10	1.16	1.23	3 1.31		
	R 22	0.90	0.93	0.96	1.0	1.05	1.10	1.13	1.18	3 1.24		
	R 404A/ R 507	0.84	0.89	0.94	1.0	1.07	1.16	1.26	1.40	1.57		
	R 407C	0.88	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.05	1.11	1.18	1.26	6 1.35		
Step 2	Corrected ev Q _e = 20 x 1.1	apora = 22	ator ca kW	pacity	' is							
Step 3	Now select the appropriate capacity table R 22 and choose the column for an evaporating temperature of $t_e = 0^{\circ}$ C.KVQ 28/35 delivers 22.9 kW pressure drop across the value Based on the required conn in., the KVQ 28 is the proper example.Using the corrected evaporator capacity, select a valve that provides an equivalent or greater capacity at an acceptable pressure drop across the valve of 0.2 bar.Based on the required conn in., the KVQ 28 is the proper example.							ers 22.9 kW at a 0. ross the valve. juired connection s s the proper selecti	2 bar size of 1 ¼ ion for this			
Step 4	KVQ 28, 1 ¹ / code no. 03 code no. 03	₃ in. so 4L011 4L010	older (1 5 and)6, see	conne l actua e Orde	ction: ator ering							
Transformer selection	The choice o power consu	f trans	sforme n.	r depe	ends o	n the	total	Exa	ample	9		
	KVQ	DEF	ROST	A	LARM	- con	Total sumpt.	N	0.	(Connections	Consumpt VA
							VA	2	2 1	(VQ + EKS	67à 32 VA / 24 V a.c.	64
	×						32	2	2 4	ALARM	à 12 VA / 24 V a.c.	24
	32 VA/24 V a.C							1		DEFROST	à 24 VA / 24 V a.c.	24
	32 VA/24 V a.c	× 24 VA/24 V a.c		c			56	Т	otal co	onsumption		112
	× 32 VA/24 V a.c	24 VA	× /24 V a.	.c 12 V	× A/24 V	a.c	68	In t	his e	xample th	e choice is a transf	ormer size

Total power consumption = sum of the individual power consumptions. A class II transformer should be used according to CEE 15.

115 VA / 24 V a.c., 50/60 Hz or greater

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Design

Valve / Actuator type KVQ



1. Cover 2. Connection terminals 3. NTC resistor 4. Heating element 5. Pressure reservoir 6. Bellwage 6. Bellows 7. Bellows capsule 8. Pressure pin 9. Gasket 9. Gasket 10. Threaded connection 11. Guide pin 12. Valve plate 13. Orifice 14. Damping device 15. Inlet 16. Outlot

16. Outlet

Electronically controlled temperature regulator, type KVQ and EKS 67

Function



On deviations between the required and registered temperature the EKS 67 instantaneously sends more or fewer pulses to the actuator to counteract the error. The pressure in the actuator changes slightly so that the valve moves in the opening or closing direction.

Changes in the suction pressure have no influence because the bellows area is the same as the orifice area.

In the event of current failure, the valve will be fully open.

EKS 67 defrost function

During defrosting, the temperature rises above the set alarm LIMIT. This cuts in the controller DELAY function, i.e. the timer that delays alarm release.

If the temperature setting for defrost function cut-off is reached before the delay time has elapsed, the controller cuts off defrosting. At the same time DELAY is set at zero.

If the selected ALARM delay is exceeded during a defrost period, defrosting is stopped by the ALARM delay and the alarm is activated (lamp goes out) until the temperature of the medium is again within the alarm limit.

Hot-gas defrosting

Defrosting with hot-gas is initiated by an external defrost timer and KVQ is forced closed by the EKS 67.

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As soon as EKS 67 registers that KVQ is closed, the lamp "DEFROST" lights up and voltage is applied to the triac output. The solenoid valve opens so that hot gas is able to flow into the evaporator. A defrost sensor, S2, is placed at the point on the evaporator where ice disappears last. When the temperature at sensor S2 reaches the temperature set on the EKS 67, defrosting is stopped. The solenoid valve closes and the lamp "DEFROST" goes out. After defrost, the KVQ valve opens slowly to avoid liguid hammer.

Electric defrosting

Electric defrosting is also started by a signal from an external defrost timer.

The lamp "DEFROST" lights up and voltage is applied to the triac output.

The solenoid valve ahead of the thermostatic expansion valve closes.

The heating element is cut in without the KVQ valve being previously closed.

When the temperature on the evaporator rises, the KVQ valve will be fully open.

Electric defrosting is cut off when defrost sensor S2 measures a temperature corresponding to the stop temperature set on the EKS 67. The solenoid valve ahead of the thermostatic expansion valve opens.

There are facilities for forced defrosting of the plant.

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Electronically controlled temperature regulator, type KVQ and EKS 67

Dimensions and weights

Valve / Actuator type KVQ



KVQ actuator

Туре	H ₁ mm	B mm	C mm	NV mm	D mm	Ø 1 mm	⊘ 2 mm	Weight kg
KVQ 15-22	162.5	54	27	32	$\text{M16}\times\text{1.5}$	63	60	0.5
KVQ 28-35	162.5	54	27	32	$\text{M18}\times\text{1.5}$	63	60	0.5

KVQ valve

Туре	Coni Sol	nect. der	Total	H ₂	H ₃	B ₁	С	D	D ₁	NV	Weight
	in.	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg
KVQ 15	⁵ /8	16	303	99	152	64	12	30	28	24	0.4
KVQ 22	7/8	22	303	99	152	64	17	30	28	24	0.4
KVQ 28	1 ¹ /8		366	155	215	105	22	43	35	30	0.8
KVQ 28		28	366	155	215	105	22	43	35	30	0.8
KVQ 35	1 ³ /8	35	366	155	215	105	25	43	35	30	0.8

Complete KVQ

Туре	H ₄ mm	H ₅ mm
KVQ 15-22	303	204
KVQ 28-35	366	211



Electronically controlled temperature regulator, type KVQ and EKS 67

Dimensions and weights (continued)

Controller type EKS 67



Data sheet

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Data sheet

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