

Installation and Servicing Instructions SD-15/82017

- The molded MKC-1 coil fits the E2, A3, E3, W3, S4, E5, B6, E6, S6, W6, S7, E8, E10S1, E35, E43, R183, R184 and R246 series normally closed solenoid valves.
- The OMKC-1 coil fits the OE6, OE8, OE10S1, OE35 and OE43 series and the XWG, XUP and XXF series rapid cycle solenoid valves.
- The MKC-2 coil fits the B9, E9, B10, E10S2, B14, E14, W14, B19, E19, W19, B25, E25, W25, B33*, E33*, E34*, E42* series normally closed solenoid valves and the 180 solenoid pilot control...and all solenoid valves in the field that are equipped with the old style KC-2 coil.
- When changing from the old KC model coils to the current MKC

GENERAL

To ensure peak performance, solenoid valves must be selected and applied correctly; however, proper installation procedures are equally important. The following instructions list the essential points for correct installation.

An exploded view of a typical solenoid valve is illustrated on page 4 in Figures 5 and 5A.

Position – All standard solenoid valves may be mounted horizontal, on its side or in a vertical line with the exception of the following: B33*, OB33*, XWG, XXF, XUP, XRN, XRM and XPO series. These valves **MUST** be installed in horizontal lines with the coil housing no more than 45° from vertical, see table on page 2. The direction of flow is indicated by an **arrow** or the word **IN** on the inlet of the valve body. For heat pump applications, valve types C(M)E and C(M)B are typically installed with the direction al arrow pointing toward the outdoor coil. Or, the **IN** connection toward the indoor coil.

NOTE: Solenoid valves having a type number starting with the letter "X" are Special Solenoid Valves (non-standard). Contact Sporlan if valve mounting is in question.

SOLDER CONNECTIONS

Because of possible damage to valve components due to the high temperatures of soldering and brazing, "B" Series Solenoid Valves with brass connections are shipped handtight to facilitate disassembly. It is necessary to completely disassemble these valves before any heat is applied to the valve body. The following steps outline recommended procedures when installing these valves.

Soldering Precautions – Solder connections on Sporlan Solenoid Valves are either copper or brass. Any of the commonly used types of solder are satisfactory with these materials. Regardless of the type of solder used, it is important to avoid overheating the valve.

The tip of the soldering torch should be large enough to avoid prolonged heating of the connection during the soldering operation. Overheating can also be minimized by directing the flame away from the valve body.

TYPE A3S1, S4S1, S6S1, S7S1

- 1. Remove the coil assembly.
- 2. Locate the word **IN** or the directional **arrow** on the valve body.
- 3. Place the valve in the line, in the proper direction of flow and solder.
- 4. Replace the coil assembly and tighten coil hex screw.

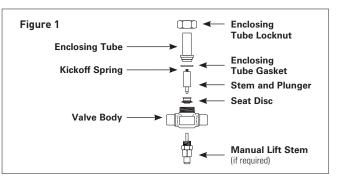


molded model coils, discard the coil housing, coil housing bottom plate, two coil sleeves (not used with KC-1 coil) AND THE SPACER.

- The OMKC-2 coil fits the OB9, OE9, OB10, OE10S2, OB14, OE14, OB19, OE19, OB25, OE25, OB33*, OE33*, OE34*, OE42* series normally open solenoid valves and the XRN, XRM, XPO series rapid cycle solenoid valves.
- Other Sporlan products using a molded coil are as follows: MKC-1 – (S)B5D, (S)8D, (S)12D, (S)16D, 10G, SORIT, SORIT-PI, SHGB(E)-8, OLDR-16 and OLDR-21.
 OMKC-1 – LDR-16 and LDR-21.
 MKC-2 – DDR-20, SHGB(E)-15, OLDR-15 and OLDR-20.
 OMKC-2 – LDR-15, LDR-20, XTM and XTO.

TYPES B6, B9, B10, B14, B19, B25 SERIES (Brass Connections)

- 1. Remove the coil assembly, enclosing tube and nut, all internal parts and manual lift stem assembly.
- 2. Locate the word **IN** or the directional **arrow** on the valve body.
- 3. Place the valve in the line in the proper direction of flow and solder.
- 4. Re-assemble as follows, see Figures 1, 5 and 5A:



- a. Place the seat disc into the valve body with the smaller diameter end facing up.
- b. Place the enclosing tube gasket onto the valve body above the threads.
- c. Hold the plunger with one hand so that the pointed end is resting in the pilot port of the disk. Make sure the small spring is in place on the top of the plunger. (NOTE: Does not apply to normally open and rapid cycle series.)
- d. With the other hand, place the enclosing tube over the plunger, making sure the enclosing tube gasket is in position.
- e. Replace the enclosing tube locknut and tighten. (See

assembly.)

- recommended torque in the table on page 2.) Do not over tighten. f. Replace manual lift stem. Tighten lift stem assembly and seal cap.
- Replace the coil assembly. (NOTE: For normally open and rapid cycle valves replace spacer and spacer cup with coil

NOTE: Excessive tightening of the enclosing tube locknut can damage the valve body bore. Please observe the torques listed on page 2.

TYPES: ALL E SERIES (Extended Copper Connections)

Brazed into the line without disassembly because the valve contains extended connections. Use caution by placing a wet cloth or chill block on the extensions at the body to prevent excessive overheating. Follow Type A3S1 installation instructions.

* E34, B33, E33 and E42 are obsolete. * 0E34, 0B33, 0E33 and 0E42 are obsolete.

RECOMMENDED TORQUE (ft.-lbs.) AND MOUNTING POSITION

RECOMMENT			-								VALVE MO	UNTING POSI	TION
VALVE SERIES ¹	ENCLOSING TUBE LOCKNUT ⁴	ENCLOSING TUBE SCREWS	PILOT VALVE ASSEMBLY LOCKNUT	LOWER BODY LOCKNUT	COIL SCREW	COIL LOCKNUT	FLANGE PLATE BOLTS/ SCREWS	FLANGE CONNECTION ASSEMBLY	MANUAL LIFT STEM ASSEMBLY	SEAL CAP	VERTICAL LINE ³	HORIZONTAL LINE	ON SIDE ³
A3, S4, S6, S7	_	_	—	_	2.3	_	_	_	_		YES dated 7-86 or later	YES	
E2, E3, E5 W3 XWG	_	 1.5 – 1.67 	—	_	2.3	_	_	_	_	_	YES NO	YES YES ²	
B6, E6, W6, E8 XXF, XUP	10 – 15	_	_		2.3	4.0	_		11 – 12	4-6	YES	YES YES ²	
B9, E9, OB9, OE9 XRN	25 – 30	_	—	_	2.3	4.0	_	_	11 – 12	4-6	YES NO	YES YES ²	
E10S2 B10, E10S1, 0B10, 0E10S1, 0E10S2 B14, E14, W14, 0B14, 0E14	20 – 40	_	_	_	2.3	4.0	_	_	11 – 12	4-6	YES	YES	
XRM											NO	YES ²	
B19, E19, W19, 0B19, 0E19 XP0	35 – 45	_	_	_	2.3	4.0	_	_	11 – 12	4-6	YES	YES YES ²	
B25, E25, W25 0B25, 0E25	60 - 65				2.3	4.0	_		11 – 12	4-6	YES	YES	
B33	25 – 30						8 – 12	37			NO	YES ²	
0B33	23 30						0 12	37			NO	YES ²	
E35, OE35 Date (3417 and newer)	10 - 15	—	—	—	2.3	4.0	19 – 20	_	11 – 12	4-6	YES	YES	
E35, OE35 Date (3317 and older)	10 – 15						8-9	—			YES	YES	
E43	10-15	—	—	—	2.3	4.0	19 – 20	—	11 – 12	4-6	YES	YES	
E42, 0E42	25 - 30	_			2.3	4.0	13 – 20	—	11 – 12	10 – 15	YES	YES	
R183, R184, R246		6		_	2.3		—	—			YES	YES	
8D 12D 16D 10G	10 – 15	—	60 - 65	60 - 65 60 - 65	2.3	_	 15 - 18 20 - 24 		—	_	YES	NO	

¹Valves with mounting holes use a #8-32 screw torqued not more than 15 in.-lb. **Note:** Standard torque charts do not apply. ²Coil housing to be no more than 45° from the vertical. ³Coil housing must not be below horizontal. ⁴Do not over tighten the enclosing tube locknut. Damage to the enclosing tube assembly could result from over tightening.

Note: For installation and service instructions on Three-Way Heat Reclaim Valves Type 8D, 12D & 16D, request Form SD-114.

PIPE CONNECTIONS

Types A3, W3, B6, W6, B9, B10, B14, W14, B19, W19, B25, W25, (K)(B)R183, (K)(B)R184, (K)(B)R246 Series

These valves can be installed without disassembly. Avoid excessive amounts of pipe sealing compounds. It will interfere with the valve operation if it comes in contact with the valve's internal parts.

NOTE: When pipe type solenoid valves are installed with pipe to ODF adaptors, the valve must be disassembled prior to brazing the ODF adaptors.

FLANGED CONNECTIONS – PIPE or SOLDER

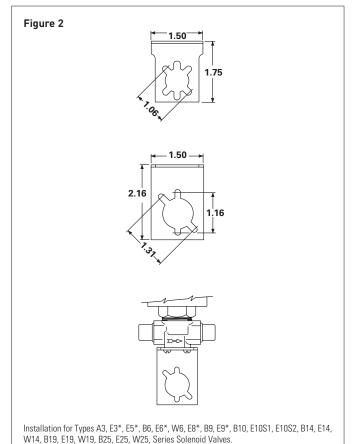
Solenoid valves with flanged connections may be installed without disassembly. In most cases the flanges are packed disassembled from the valve body. Therefore, they may be installed in the line before the valve is installed. Be certain that the correct flange is installed on the inlet line in order to properly match the flow direction of the valve. If the valve is installed backwards, it will not function properly.

Types B33S2, MB33S2, OB33S2 (Obsolete)

These valves are supplied with a two piece flange assembly, a semi-steel flange ring and a brass solder bushing. The flange should be placed on the pipe before the bushing is soldered or brazed. The soldering discussion given under "Solder Connections" applies for these valves except where the discussion deals with non-flanged valves only.

INSTALLATION—ALL VALVES

Mounting – A Type 1216-1 universal mounting bracket, Figure 2, is available, when ordered. It fits all standard Sporlan Solenoid Valves except the Types W3, B33, E35, E42, E43, (K)(B)R183, (K)(B)R184, (K)(B)R246 series and the Type 180 Solenoid Pilot Control. The slots in the bracket match the tapped holes in the standard solenoid valves so that they may be secured by two screws supplied with the bracket.

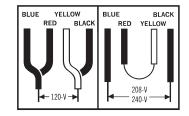


*Are not supplied standard with mounting holes.

Wiring – Check the electrical specifications of the coil to be sure they correspond to the available electrical service.

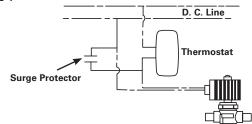
The 1/2" BX conduit connection or junction box on the coil may be rotated to any position by loosening the coil hexscrew. Solenoid valves with four-wire dual voltage coils have a wiring diagram decal, Figure 3, on the coil housing or bracket. This illustrates which wires to connect for either 120, 208 or 240 volt operation. Wiring and fusing (when used) must comply with prevailing local and national wiring codes and ordinances.

Figure 3



Direct Current Valves – A surge protector is recommended with each solenoid valve with a 115 volt DC coil. The surge protector is necessary to absorb the high counter-voltage generated when the circuit is broken, thereby protecting the electrical contacts of the thermostat. It should be wired as shown in Figure 4.

Figure 4



TRANSFORMER SELECTION

	24v/5	0-60c	120v/50-60c		240v/50-60c		Transformer Rating	
COIL Kit	Current Amperes		Current Amperes		Current Amperes		Volt-Amperes For 100% of	
	In- rush	Hold- ing	In- rush	Hold- ing	In- rush	Hold- ing	rated MOPD of Valve	
MKC-1	1.9	.63	.39	.14	.19	.09	60	
OMKC-1	1.9	.94	.42	.21	.20	.10	60	
MKC-2 0MKC-2	3.1	1.4	.60	.26	.31	.13	100	

SERVICING INSTRUCTIONS

CAUTION — Dangerous hydraulic pressures may develop if a hand valve is installed in the liquid line ahead of the solenoid valve and the hand valve is closed while the solenoid valve is closed. This may cause extrusion of the teflon seat in the disc. Extrusion may cause the valve to fail to open, fail to close and/or have excessive seat leakage. Also the line between these two valves should be pumped down completely before disassembling the solenoid valve for service.

NOTE: The optional manual lift stem is designed to prevent damage to the disc. If the stem is turned in too far, the threads become disengaged. These threads can be re-engaged by applying slight outward force while turning counterclockwise. A thread stop is provided to prevent the stem from backing all the way out of the assembly. Back the stem to the stop and replace the seal cap when service is complete.

TYPICAL MALFUNCTIONS

There are only three possible malfunctions: coil burnout, failure to open and failure to close. Each is discussed.

COIL BURNOUT

Coil burnouts are extremely rare unless caused by one of the following:

- 1. Improper electrical characteristics.
- 2. Continuous over-voltage, more than 10%.
- Under-voltage of more than 15%. This applies only if the operating conditions are such that the reduced MOPD causes stalling of the plunger, which results in excessive current draw.
- Incomplete magnetic circuit due to the omission of parts such as: coil housing, coil sleeves, coil spring, coil housing bottom plate or plunger on the KC model coil and coil yoke, coil backplate or plunger on the MKC molded model coils.
- Mechanical interference with plunger movement which may be caused by a deformed enclosing tube.
- 6. Voltage spike.
- 7. Valve ambient exceeds 120°F.
- 8. Fluid or gas temperatures greater than 240°F, while the valve ambient is $120^\circ \text{F}.$

FAILURE TO OPEN (Normally Closed Types)

- 1. Coil burned out or an open circuit to coil connections.
- 2. Improper electrical characteristics.
- 3. In pilot operated valves, dirt, scale or sludge may prevent the piston, disc or diaphragm from lifting. This could also be caused by a deformed body.
- 4. High differential pressure that exceeds the MOPD rating of the valve.
- Diameter reduction of synthetic seating material in pilot port because of high temperatures and/or pressures, or severe pulsations. Contact Sporlan Division, Washington, MO.

The problem of dirt can be avoided by installing a Sporlan Catch-All[®] Filter-Drier upstream from the solenoid valve. The Catch-All[®] Filter-Drier will retain much smaller particles than a conventional strainer.

Use a Sporlan strainer for water applications upstream of every industrial solenoid valve.

FAILURE TO CLOSE

- Valve is oversized. Pilot operated valves may fail to close due to low pressure drop.
- In pilot operated valves, dirt, scale or sludge may prevent the piston, disc or diaphragm from closing. This could also be caused by a deformed body.
- 3. Held open by the manual lift stem.
- 4. In pilot operated valves only, a damaged pilot port may prevent closing.
- A floating disc due to severe discharge pulses, contact Sporlan Valve, Washington, MO.
- 6. Have voltage feedback to the coil after the coil de-energizes.

MISCELLANEOUS

Liquid Hammer – Industrial solenoid valves, or other liquid line valves, may cause liquid hammer when installed on liquid lines with high liquid velocities. If this occurs, it can be minimized by the use of larger pipes, (i.e. lower velocities), or a standpipe installed in the piping near the solenoid valve inlet. Commercially available shock absorbers may also be used to reduce this noise. Recommended maximum velocity is approximately 300 fpm.

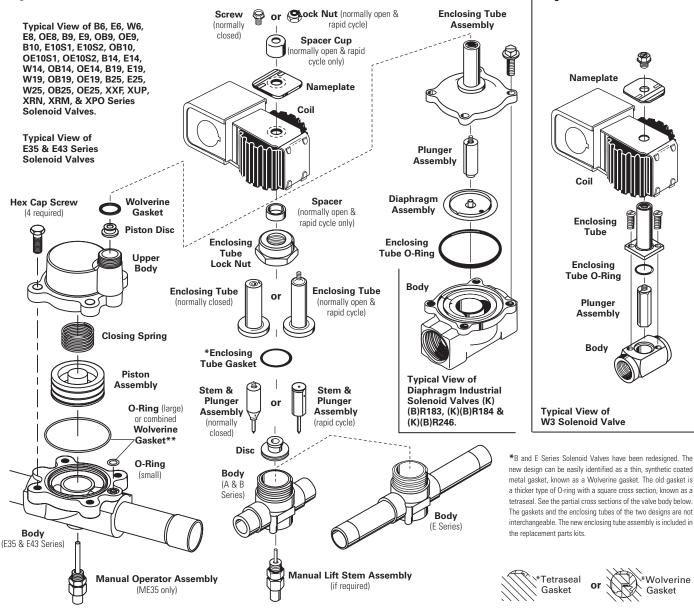
AC Hum – This problem may be caused by a loose coil. A loose coil hex screw or coil locknut may cause this problem on the MKC molded model coils.

Foreign material between the magnetic top plug and the plunger in the Types A3, E3, W3, E5, B6, E6, W6, E8, B9, E9, B10S2, E10S1, E10S2, B14, E14, W14, B19, E19, W19, B25, E25, W25, E35 and E43 Series Solenoid valves may cause AC hum also.

On water applications, deposits may accumulate in the valve which could cause AC hum. This may be eliminated by cleaning or flushing the valve.

Leak Testing – Special care should be taken when leak testing valves with synthetic gaskets. Gasket materials typically have a miniscule permeability. Leak rates of 0.5 oz. per year, depending on the valve size, is acceptable in most cases. Note the sensitivity of electronic leak detectors. Most have the capability of finding a leak smaller than 0.05 oz. per year. Double check small seal leaks with soap bubbles or a halide torch if possible. **Do not over tighten the enclosing tube locknut.** If a leak occurs, change the gasket and verify the metal surfaces have a clean smooth finish.

Figure 5



** The E35 series body and upper housing with o-rings (date code 3317 or older) are NOT interchangeable with the E35 Series body and upper housing with Wolverine Gasket (date code 3417 and newer). Interchanging parts for the O-ring and Wolverine gasket designs will result in an external leak.

INSTALLATION PRECAUTIONS

- 1. Do not attempt to disassemble the valve before pumping the system down. Make absolutely certain the pressure in the lines is no more than 2 or 3 psi above atmospheric pressure before removing any valve parts (except coil assembly).
- The solenoid coil must not be energized unless it is installed on the valve. To do so would cause coil to overheat and burn out.
- 3. The solenoid coil should be fused in accordance with local codes.
- 4. If additional brazing is required after the system has been charged, additional precautions are necessary. Pump the entire system down and purge the section where brazing is to be done. Do not use a solenoid valve as a safety shut off while making repairs to a system. After reducing the pressure to atmospheric, the valve may be opened and internal parts removed. The area should be vented thoroughly to prevent formation of dangerous fumes which could result from the refrigerant in the presence of an open flame.
- 5. Make sure the line and/or valve body is cooled sufficiently before

reassembly to avoid damage to synthetic materials.

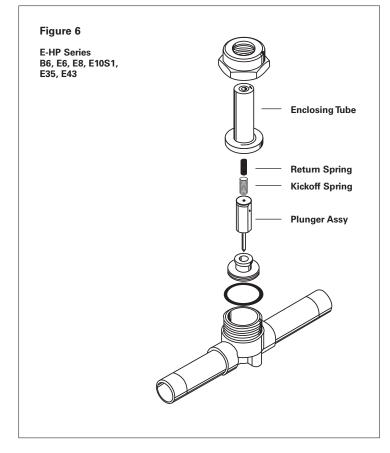
6. If a hand valve is installed ahead of a solenoid valve, it should be closed only to service the system. The hand valve should be opened as soon as the service is complete. If the solenoid valve were closed and the hand valve remains closed, trapping liquid between the two, dangerous hydrostatic pressures could result causing bodily injury.

Figure 5A

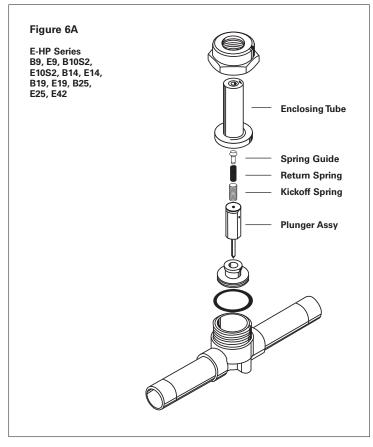
- Do not twist the valve assembly by pulling or pushing on the enclosing tube or coil assembly.
- 8. Do not carry a coil assembly or complete valve by the coil leads. This could damage the coil and cause a coil burnout.
- 9. Pipe type solenoid valves should be disassembled prior to installation if pipe to sweat adapters are to be used for installation.
- 10. Electrically ground the valve body. Typically this is done through the fluid piping or the electrical conduit.
- 11. Before energizing the valve, verify that the supply voltage and frequency matches the solenoid coil marking.

When servicing the B-HP or E-HP series solenoid valves, it is important to assemble the springs and spring guide into the plunger correctly. See below.

For valves with a kickoff spring and return spring, place kickoff spring into top of plunger, then place return spring into kickoff spring. Place this assembly into the enclosing tube. Be sure the return spring moves into the dimple in the top plug. Do so, by holding the enclosing tube vertical with the top plug pointing up. Then, slide the plunger assembly into the enclosing tube. After assembly, press the stem of the plunger assembly several times until one feels the spring slip into the dimple. Carefully, assemble onto valve body.



For valves with a kickoff spring, return spring, and spring guide, place kickoff spring into top of plunger, place return spring into kickoff spring, then place spring guide into return spring. Place this assembly into the enclosing tube. Be sure the spring guide moves into the dimple in the top plug. Do so, by holding the enclosing tube vertical with the top plug pointing up. Then, slide the plunger assembly into the enclosing tube. After assembly, press the stem of the plunger assembly several times until one feels the spring guide slip into the dimple. Carefully, assemble onto valve body.



COILS and INTERNAL PARTS KITS for CURRENT and OBSOLETE VALVE TYPES

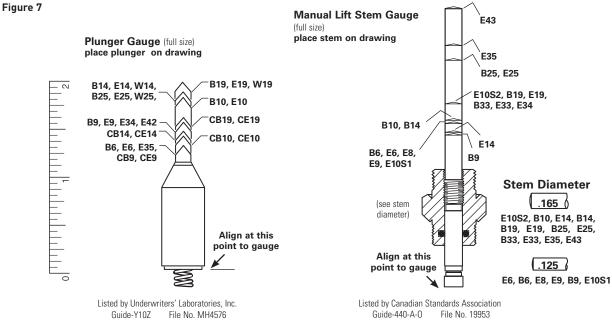
VALVE SERIES	REPLACEMENT COIL KIT	INTERNAL PARTS KIT	INTERNAL PARTS KIT ITEM NUMBER
10 E2-HP, A3, E3	MKC-2	None	None
E5, E5-HP	_	None	None
A6	-	1 40 00/50	004445
B6, MB6, E6, ME6		¹ KS-B6/E6	381145
E6-HP, ME6-HP	МКС-1	KS-B6/E6-HP	381111
E8-HP, ME8-HP	WINC-1	KS-E8-HP	380855
E10S1-HP, ME10S1-HP		KS-E10S1-HP	380856
E35, ME35, E35-HP, ME35-HF		KS-E35-HP	958741
E35-HP W, ME35-HP W E43, ME43, E43-HP, ME43-HF		KS-E35-HP W KS-E43-HP	<u>381142</u> 381422
0E6-HP			
OE8-HP	_	KS-0E6-HP/0E8-HP	380846
OE10S1-HP		KS-0E10S1-HP	380849
0E35, 0E35-HP	- OMKC-1	KS-0E35-HP	IP
0E35-HP W		KS-0E35-HP W	381143
0E43, 0E43-HP		KS-0E43-HP	381423
14		None	None
A9		KS-B9/E9	381171
B9, MB9, E9, ME9		•	
E9-HP, ME9-HP	MKC-2	KS-B9/E9-HP	380819
A10, MA10		No longer available	None
B10, MB10, E10S2, ME10S2		KS-B10/E10	381002
E10S2-HP, ME10S2-HP		KS-B10/E10-HP	381005
<u>20</u> 73	KC-12 (Not Available)	No longer available	Nene
		No longer available	None
B14, MB14,E14, ME14	МКС-2	KS-B14/E14	381028
E14-HP, ME14-HP		KS-B14/E14-HP	380818
43		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
A17, MA17	— MKC-3	No longer available	None
B19, MB19, E19, ME19	МКС-2	KS-B19/E19	381054
E19-HP, ME19-HP	IVING-2	KS-B19/E19-HP	380817
53	МКС-3	No longer available	None
A24, MA24			
B25, MB25, E25, ME25 E25-HP, ME25-HP	МКС-2	KS-B25/E25 KS-B25/E25-HP	381080 381128
90, 9001, 9005		K3-D20/E20-HP	301120
MA32, B32, MB32	МКС-3	No longer available	None
C32, MC32		No longer available	None
B33, MB33, E33, ME33		1/0 D00/F00	001110
EB33, EMB33	MKC-2	KS-B33/E33	381119
E34, ME34		KS-E34	381135
100	МКС-3	No longer available	None
MA42, EMB42		=	
E42, ME42	МКС-2	KS-E42	381340
E42-HP, ME42-HP 110		KS-E42-HP	958742
MA50	— MKC-3	No longer available	None
0E9		KS-0B9/0E9	381405
OE9-HP	-	KS-OE9-HP	280848
OE10S2	- F	KS-0B10/0E10	381353
10S2-HP		KS-0E10S2-HP	380850
0E14		KS-0B14/0E14	381366
OE14-HP	Ц С	KS-0E14-HP	380851
0E19	— ОМКС-2 —	KS-0B19/0E19	381379
OE19-HP		KS-0E19-HP	380852
0E25 0E25-HP		KS-0B25/0E25 KS-0E25-HP	381392
0E33, E0B33, 0E33		KS-0E25-HP KS-0B33/0E33	<u>380853</u> 381398
0E33, E0E33, 0E33 0E34	- -	KS-0E33/0E33	381398
0E42	- -	KS-0E42	381418
OE42-HP	- F	KS-0E42-HP	IP
35			
MA5A3	МКС-3	No longer available	None
83	Ινικύ-3	ivo ioliyer avallable	None
MA17A3			
W3	МКС-1	KS-W3	381496
W6		KS-W6	381509
W7		No longer available	None
W14	— МКС-2 —	KS-W14	381457
W19 W25		KS-W19	381470
VV Z 1		KS-W25	381483

VALVE SERIES	REPLACEMENT COIL KIT	INTERNAL PARTS KIT	INTERNAL PARTS KIT ITEM NUMBER
(K)R183		KS-R18	381431
(K)R184			
(K)R246	- MKC-1	KS-R24	381444
(K)BR183	-	KS-BR18	381197
(K)BR184		R3-DITI0	501157
(K)BR246		KS-BR24	381210
XWG		None	None
XXF	OMKC-1	KS-XXF	381692
XUP		KS-XUP	381638
XRN		KS-XRN	381587
XRM	OMKC-2	KS-XRM	381574
XPO		KS-XPO	381548

The E35 series valve with date code 3417 or newer has wolverine gasket design between lower body assembly and upper housing assembly. To indicate this design a 'W' will be metal i.e. Valve description: E35S1110-HP W. Parts kit description: KS-E35-HP W

Note: The KC-43 coil kit and KC-3 coil kit have been renumbered and is now designated as the MKC-3. The two coils are identical.

¹KS-B6 kits may be used in A6 series valves, but the KS-A6 kits should not be used in B6 series valves.



GENERAL PURPOSE SOLENOID VALVES

BASIC VALVE TYPE	AMBIENT TEMP. RATING (°F)	*FLUID TEMP. RATING (°F)	APPROVED FLUIDS
A3, E2, E3	120	240	1
E5	120	240	1
B6, E6	120	240	1
E8	120	240	1
B9, E9	120	240	1
E10S1	120	240	1
B10, E10S2	120	240	1
B14, E14	120	240	1
B19, E19	120	240	1
B25, E25	120	240	1
E35	120	240	1
E42	120	240	1
E43	120	240	1
R18	120	240	4
R24	120	240	4
W3, RW3	120	240	4
W6	120	240	4

APPROVED FLUIDS -

- All Halogenated Refrigerants

4 — Dry Air, Water and Steam
* Minimum fluid or gas temperature is -40°F

† Minimum ambient temperature is -40°F

BASIC VALVE Type	AMBIENT TEMP. RATING (°F)	*FLUID TEMP. RATING (°F)	APPROVED FLUIDS
W14	120	240	4
W19	120	240	4
W25	120	240	4
SHGB-15	120	240	1
SORIT-12, 15, 20	120	240	1
8D	120	240	1
12D	120	240	1
16D	120	240	1
10G	120	240	1
180	120	240	1
XWG	120	240	1
XXF	120	240	1
XUP	120	240	1
XRN	120	240	1
XRM	120	240	1
XPO	120	240	1

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